

# Qualification Specification

Focus Awards Level 4 Award in Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)

601/6017/3



Silicon House, Farfield Park, Manvers, Rotherham S63 5DB

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**Qualification Details**

QAN: 601/6107/3  
 GLH: 90  
 TQT: 190  
 Credit: 12

**Qualification Purpose**

The Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices (RQF) is intended for those who maintain quality of assessment from within an organisation or assessment centre.

Learners undertaking this qualification will be able to understand the principles and practices of internally assuring the quality of assessment and internally assure the quality of assessment.

**Qualification Structure / Rules of Combination**

Learners must achieve **12 credits** from **2 mandatory** units.

Unit Title	Unit Ref	Level	Credit	GLH
<b>Mandatory units</b>				
Understanding the principles and practices of internally assuring the quality of assessment	T/601/5320	4	6	45
Internally assure the quality of assessment	A/601/5321	4	6	45

**Learner Entry Requirements**

There are no specific entry requirements for this qualification.

## Age Ranges

Entry is at the discretion of the centre; however learners should be at least 19 to undertake this qualification.

## Geographical Coverage

This qualification has been accredited for use in England and Northern Ireland.

## Reasonable Adjustments and Special Considerations

Please refer to the Focus Awards 'Focus Awards Reasonable Adjustments and Special Consideration Policy.'

## Assessment Methods

The Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices (RQF) is **internally** assessed.

Each learner is required to create portfolio of evidence which demonstrates achievement of all the learning outcomes and the assessment criteria associated with each unit.

The main pieces of evidence for the portfolio could include:

- Assessor observation – completed observational checklists on related action plans
- Witness testimony
- Learner product
- Worksheets
- Assignments / projects / reports
- Record of oral and written questioning
- Learner and peer reports
- Recognition of prior learning (RPL)

Evidence may be drawn from actual or simulated situations where appropriate and where permitted by the relevant Sector Skills Council or Sector Skills Body.

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## Progression Routes

Learners wishing to progress from this qualification can undertake the following qualifications:

- Level 4 Award in Understanding the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice
- Level 4 Award in Externally Assuring the Quality of Assessment Processes and Practice
- Level 4 Certificate In Leading the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice

## Useful Websites and Supporting Materials

You will find useful websites and supporting materials here:

- [www.focusawards.org.uk/supportingmaterials](http://www.focusawards.org.uk/supportingmaterials)
- [www.ofqual.gov.uk](http://www.ofqual.gov.uk)

## Links to National Occupational Standards

The Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices (RQF) has been mapped to the Learning and Development National Occupational Standards (2010) here.

UNIT TITLE	LINK TO NOS
<b>Mandatory units</b>	
Understanding the principles and practices of internally assuring the quality of assessment (T/601/5320)	Learning and Development Standard Number 11 – Internally monitor and maintain the quality of assessment
Internally assure the quality of assessment (A/601/5321)	Learning and Development Standard Number 11 – Internally monitor and maintain the quality of assessment

## Appendix A: Units

<b>Unit Title:</b>	Understanding the principles and practices of internally assuring the quality of assessment		
<b>Unit No:</b>	T/601/5320		
<b>Level:</b>	4		
<b>GLH:</b>	45		
<b>Credit:</b>	6		
<b>Unit details:</b> The aim of the unit is to assess knowledge and understanding of the principles and practices that underpin the internal quality assurance of assessment.			
<b>Learning Outcome</b> <b>The learner will:</b>		<b>Assessment Criterion</b> <b>The learner can:</b>	
1	Understand the context and principles of internal quality assurance	1.1	Explain the functions of internal quality assurance in learning and development
		1.2	Explain the key concepts and principles of the internal quality assurance of assessment
		1.3	Explain the roles of practitioners involved in the internal and external quality assurance process
		1.4	Explain the regulations and requirements for internal quality assurance in own area of practice
2	Understand how to plan the internal quality assurance of assessment	2.1	Evaluate the importance of planning and preparing internal quality assurance activities
		2.2	Explain what an internal quality assurance plan should contain
		2.3	Summarise the preparations that need to be made for internal quality assurance, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>➤ Information collection</li> <li>➤ Communications</li> <li>➤ Administrative arrangements</li> <li>➤ Resources</li> </ul>
3	Understand techniques and criteria for monitoring the quality of	3.1	Evaluate different techniques for sampling evidence of assessment, including use of technology
		3.2	Explain the appropriate criteria to use for judging the quality of the assessment process

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	assessment internally		
4	Understand how to internally maintain and improve the quality of assessment	4.1	Summarise the types of feedback, support and advice that assessors may need to maintain and improve the quality of assessment
		4.2	Explain standardisation requirements in relation to assessment
		4.3	Explain relevant procedures regarding disputes about the quality of assessment
5	Understand how to manage information relevant to the internal quality assurance of assessment	5.1	Evaluate requirements for information management, data protection and confidentiality in relation to the internal quality assurance of assessment
6	Understand the legal and good practice requirements for the internal quality assurance of assessment	6.1	Evaluate legal issues, policies and procedures relevant to the internal quality assurance of assessment, including those for health, safety and welfare
		6.2	Evaluate different ways in which technology can contribute to the internal quality assurance of assessment
		6.3	Explain the value of reflective practice and continuing professional development in relation to internal quality assurance
		6.4	Evaluate requirements for equality and diversity and, where appropriate, bilingualism, in relation to the internal quality assurance of assessment

#### Evidence requirements

All learning outcomes in this unit must be assessed using methods appropriate to the assessment of knowledge and understanding. There must be valid, authentic and sufficient evidence for all the assessment criteria. However, one piece of evidence may be used to meet the requirements of more than one learning outcome or assessment criterion.



<b>Unit Title:</b>	Internally assure the quality of assessment		
<b>Unit No:</b>	A/601/5321		
<b>Level:</b>	4		
<b>GLH:</b>	45		
<b>Credit:</b>	6		
<b>Unit details:</b> The aim of this unit is to develop the knowledge and understanding that a learner needs when planning, evaluating, maintaining and improving the quality of assessment.			
<b>Learning Outcome</b> <b>The learner will:</b>		<b>Assessment Criterion</b> <b>The learner can:</b>	
1	Be able to plan the internal quality assurance of assessment	1.1	Plan monitoring activities according to the requirements of own role
		1.2	Make arrangements for internal monitoring activities to assure quality
2	Be able to internally evaluate the quality of assessment	2.1	Carry out internal monitoring activities to quality requirements
		2.2	Evaluate assessor expertise and competence in relation to the requirements of their role
		2.3	Evaluate the planning and preparation of assessment processes
		2.4	Determine whether assessment methods are safe, fair, valid and reliable
		2.5	Determine whether assessment decisions are made using the specified criteria
		2.6	Compare assessor decisions to ensure they are consistent
3	Be able to internally maintain and improve the quality of assessment	3.1	Provide assessors with feedback, advice and support, including professional development opportunities, which help them to maintain and improve the quality of assessment
		3.2	Apply procedures to standardise assessment practices and outcomes
4	Be able to manage information relevant to the internal quality assurance	4.1	Apply procedures for recording, storing and reporting information relating to internal quality assurance

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	of assessment	4.2	Follow procedures to maintain confidentiality of internal quality assurance information
5	Be able to maintain legal and good practice requirements when internally monitoring and maintaining the quality of assessment	5.1	Apply relevant policies, procedures and legislation in relation to internal quality assurance, including those for health, safety and welfare
		5.2	Apply requirements for equality and diversity and, where appropriate, bilingualism, in relation to internal quality assurance
		5.3	Critically reflect on own practice in internally quality assurance
		5.4	Maintain the currency of own expertise and competence in internally assuring the quality of assessment

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### Evidence Requirements

All learning outcome sin this unit must be assessed using methods appropriate to the IQA trainee's performance. These must include:

- Observation of performance;
- Examining products of work; and
- Questioning. Direct evidence of this kind may be supplemented, where necessary, by professional discussion, reflective accounts or witness testimony.

Simulations are not allowed.

Remote observation is not acceptable for assessment of IQAs; in other words the assessor and the trainee IQA must be in the same location at the same time when observations are being carried out.

There must be valid, authentic and sufficient evidence for all the assessment criteria. Holistic assessment is encouraged and one piece of evidence may be used to meet the requirements of more than one assessment criterion. Evidence must come from the trainee IQA's performance in the work environment. There must be evidence of the trainee IQA monitoring a minimum of two assessors, each with a minimum of two learners of their own, through components of a qualification.

## Appendix B: Assessment Strategy

### Quality assurance

A centre offering the Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Process and Practices (RQF) must provide internal quality assurance to ensure that assessment meets all Focus Awards requirements and is standardised across individual assessors, assessment locations and learners. In addition, the awarding organisation must ensure there is a robust system of external quality assurance to ensure quality and standardisation across centres.

### Requirements for assessors

All those who assess these qualifications must:

- Already hold the qualification they are assessing (or a recognised equivalent) and have successfully assessed learners for other Teaching, Learning or Assessment qualifications (if assessing quality assurance roles, they must have experience as a qualified quality assurance practitioner of carrying out internal or external quality assurance of qualifications for a minimum of two assessors);
- Have up-to-date working knowledge and experience of best practice in assessment and quality assurance;
- Hold one of the following qualifications or their recognised equivalent
- Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment (RQF)
- Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement (RQF)
- A1 Assess candidate performance using a range of methods;
- D32 Assess candidate performance and D33 Assess candidate using differing sources of evidence; and
- Show current evidence of continuing professional development in assessment and quality assurance.

### Requirements for internal quality assurance

All those who are involved with the quality assurance of these qualifications internally must:

- Have up-to-date working knowledge and experience of best practice in assessment and quality assurance;

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- Hold one of the following assessor qualifications or their recognised equivalent:
  - Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment (RQF);
  - Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement (RQF);
  - A1 Assess candidate performance using a range of methods
  - D32 Assess candidate performance and D33 Assess candidate using differing sources of evidence;
- Hold one of the following internal quality assurance qualifications or their recognised equivalent:–
  - Level 4 Award in Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)
  - Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)
  - V1 Conduct internal quality assurance of the assessment process
  - D34 Internally verify the assessment process; and
- Show current evidence of continuing professional development in assessment and quality assurance.

### **Requirements for external quality assurance**

All those who externally quality assure the Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices (RQF) must:

- Have up-to-date working knowledge and experience of best practice in assessment and quality assurance;
- Hold one of the following assessor qualifications or their recognised equivalent:
  - Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment (RQF)
  - the Level 3 Certificate in Assessing Vocational Achievement (RQF)
  - A1 Assess trainee performance using a range of methods
  - D32 Assess trainee performance and D33 Assess trainee using differing sources of evidence; and
- Hold one of the following external quality assurance qualifications or their recognised equivalent:
- Level 4 Award in Externally Assuring the Quality of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)

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- Level 4 Certificate in Leading the External Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice(RQF)
- V2 Conduct external quality assurance of the assessment process
- D35 Externally verify the assessment process; and
- Show current evidence of continuing professional development in assessment and quality assurance. Best practice would suggest that external quality assurance staff should also hold an appropriate internal quality assurance qualification, either
  - The Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)
  - The Level 4 Certificate in Leading the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practice (RQF)
  - V1 Conduct internal quality assurance of the assessment process;
  - D34 Internally verify the assessment process.

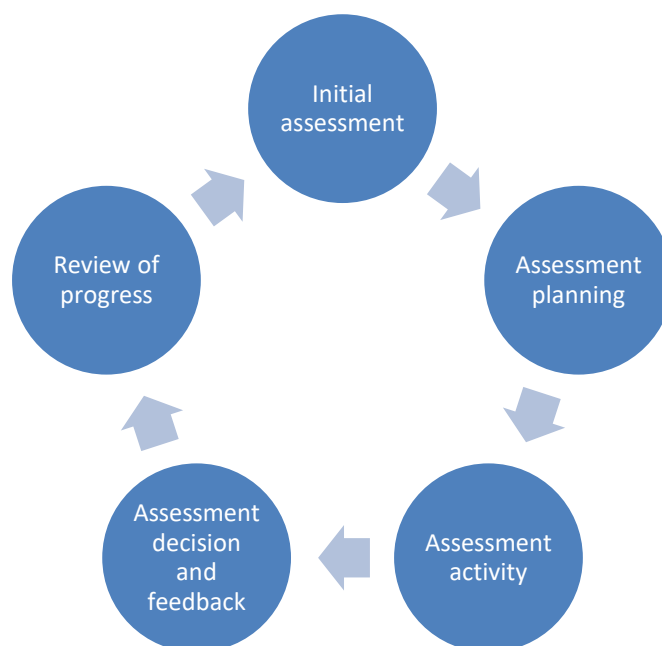
## Appendix C: Assessment Best Practice

### The assessment process

The assessment process is a systematic procedure which should be followed to give learners a positive experience. This can be achieved by following the assessment cycle. The cycle will continue until all aspects of the qualification have been achieved by your learner(s).

Throughout the cycle, standardisation of assessment practice between assessors should take place; this will ensure consistency and fairness of decisions and that all assessors interpret the requirements in the same way. Internal Quality Assurance will also take place throughout the cycle as part of your Centre's internal quality assurance arrangements.

### The assessment cycle



### Initial assessment

The assessor must ascertain if the learner has any previous knowledge and/or experience of the subject/topic/unit to be assessed. This information can be obtained through application forms, interviews or professional discussions. The results

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of the initial assessment will give you vital information regarding your learners which you may be able to use within the assessment process for example claiming exemptions, equivalences, credit transfer or Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL). It will also give you vital information if your learner requires further training or any additional support they may need. This process might not always be carried out by the assessor, but the information obtained must be passed onto the assessor in order for them to effectively move onto the next stage of the assessment cycle and plan the learner assessment. Initial assessment is known as assessment for learning, as it helps prepare learners for assessment and identifies their potential.

### **Assessment planning**

Assessment planning should be short and medium/long term, to allow for both formative and summative assessment to take place. Inclusion of your learner(s) in the planning process will help identify what they have learnt, how and when they will be assessed and will allow for communication to take place to clarify any points or concerns.

### **Assessment activity**

The assessor must use relevant methods, approaches and activities for example observation, questioning, assignments or gathering appropriate evidence of competence. Assessment can be formative (usually ongoing and to check progress) and summative (usually at the end, that fully achieves the assessment criteria and fully concludes the assessment cycle).

### **Assessment decision and feedback**

The assessor makes a judgement of success or otherwise, giving constructive feedback and agreeing further action that may be necessary. Records of what was assessed and the decisions made should always be maintained.

### **Review of progress**

The assessor reviews the progress and achievement with the learner, discussing any other issues that may be relevant to the learning and assessment process. Within this session, the assessor will naturally start the assessment cycle again, by identifying what is the next stage in the assessment of the qualification, how the learner will achieve this and then planning the assessment.

Records should be maintained throughout all aspects of the assessment cycle and internal quality assurance activities should take place on an ongoing basis.



## Exemptions, equivalences, credit transfer and RPL

Learners are able to avoid duplication of learning and assessment through exemptions or equivalences as follows:

- It is possible to transfer credit (equivalence) for achievements within the RQF
- Exemption from the requirement to achieve credits for designated units can be claimed by individuals with certificated achievements outside the RQF
- Where the unit has previously been achieved by the learner through a different awarding organisation, this will be regarded as a credit transfer.
- Where a learner has previously achieved the same unit through another awarding organisation, this will be classed as a credit transfer

Due to the learner already having their achievement recognised, and having received a certificate to confirm this, in all of these instances their achievement towards this specific qualification **MUST** be shown as an exemption, equivalence or credit transfer and **MUST NOT** be allocated any credit achievement

**Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)** is a method of assessment that considers whether a learner can demonstrate that they can meet the assessment requirements for a unit through knowledge, understanding or skills they already possess and do not need to develop through a course of learning. Therefore the learner is either awarded the unit or can progress straight to assessment without the need for delivery. This will show as a unit achievement on the certificate. For any learner who has previously achieved units that have been approved as Exemptions, Equivalences, and Credit Transfer or will be achieved through RPL it is your responsibility to inform Focus Awards at registration, through the use of the registration excel spread sheet.

The claim must first of all be made to your Centre and it is your responsibility to make the initial consideration – if you are in any doubt you should request advice/clarification from Focus Awards. Upon authorising the request, you must ensure that appropriate evidence and documentation is reviewed, maintained and made available to Focus Awards staff as required.

## Guided Learning Hours (GLH)

The guided learning hours figure gives the minimum amount of time required to 'deliver' the programme, and includes all times when a member of staff is present to give specific guidance towards learning aims/outcomes, as well as other structured learning time such as directed assignments, supported individual study or

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practice and assessment. It does not include time spent on learner-initiated work; or time spent by tutors marking assignments where the learner is not present.

## **Assessment**

Assessment practices must reflect the Equality and Diversity Policy of Focus Awards and reasonable adjustments may be required for individual learners to enable them to undertake assessments fairly. Please see our guidance and the procedures for applying reasonable adjustments.

Assessment must meet fully all learning outcomes and assessment criteria as described in the qualification specification/assessment strategy; although the method of assessment may sometimes be adjusted to cater for learners requiring alternative assessment methods. The qualification assessment strategy provides detailed assessment and evidence requirements.

## **Consistency of assessment decisions**

The consistency of assessment decisions, across learners, sites and assessors, is of primary importance in assuring the quality of assessment within a Centre. Focus Awards ensures that the following mechanisms are in place to assist this:

- Assessors are qualified or working towards current assessor standards;
- Level 3 Award in Assessing Vocational Achievement or Level 3 Award in Assessing Competence in the Work Environment. Note: D32.33 and A1 is also acceptable;
- Assessors have relevant subject competency in the units they wish to assess;
- Assessors are observed assessing by qualified IQA's at least once per year;
- Standardisation exercises are carried out with the Centre;
- Focus Awards issue 'Assessment Guidance' documentation for each qualification;
- Centre training days run by Focus Awards include assessment best practice;
- External quality assurance is carried out at least twice per year in each Centre by trained and qualified EQA's.

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## Judging authenticity

- Assessors must ensure that the evidence provided by learners is valid, current, sufficient, reliable and authentic;
- Trainers/assessors should ensure that learners sign a declaration that their work is authentic i.e. their 'own unaided work';
- You must implement a Record of Achievement document to record how the learning outcomes and assessment criteria has been sufficiently covered. By 'signing off' learners evidence using this document the assessors and IQA's are confirming that the assessment evidence submitted by the learner is authentic and their own unaided work and it is sufficient to meet the stated learning outcomes and assessment criteria;
- Where there is suspicion that the work may not be authentic, the assessor should carry out checks to ascertain its authenticity. For example, oral questioning to check the learner's knowledge matches the evidence provided;
- Evidence which is deemed to be inauthentic should not be accepted.

## Guidance on re-submission of learner assessment

- There is no limit to the number of times that work may be resubmitted by the learner for assessment;
- However, you may wish to operate your own systems and policies for additional support/advice which may be given to learners who have been unsuccessful on a number of occasions;
- Assessors/tutors may offer some assistance to learners to learners in completing written work, such as explaining what the questions mean or offering additional guidance when they have previously answered questions incorrectly, however, assessors/tutors must not give learners, or lead them to, the correct answers;
- Assessors/tutors should not add to learners' answers in worksheets, etc... where they do not fully meet the required standard. Rather the learner should be asked to add to their answers themselves until they demonstrate competence.

## Use of language and stimulus materials

It is your responsibility as a Centre to provide your learners with suitable resources and assessment materials to support them in their learning journey. Resources and assessment materials and the language used within these should be suitable and appropriate to their needs. They are only appropriate if they:

- Enable learners to demonstrate their level of attainment;
- Require knowledge, skills and understanding which are required for the qualification;
- Are clear and unambiguous (unless ambiguity forms part of the assessment) and
- Are not likely to cause unnecessary offence to learners.

The use of these materials will be reviewed during Centre EQA monitoring visits and in considering whether language and stimulus materials for learning and assessment are appropriate, an EQA will take into account the following:

- The age of learners who may reasonably be expected to take the qualification;
- The level of the qualification;
- The objective of the qualification;
- The knowledge, skills and understanding assessed for the qualification;
- It contains language or content which could lead a group of learners who share a common attribute or circumstance to experience – because of that attribute or circumstance – an unreasonable disadvantage in the level of attainment that they are able to demonstrate in the assessment.

Please note that for the creation of manuals or text books, you must show how each of the learning outcomes has been covered and for assessment materials you must adopt an evidence referencing system to show how each of the assessment criteria has been covered.

## Appendix D: Guidance on observed assessments

### Assessment briefing

When carrying out a planned observed assessment, it is essential that the assessor carries out a briefing prior to the assessment. The assessment briefing should cover the following information:

- Where the assessment will take place;
- How the assessment will be conducted;
- What the student is expected to present in terms of performance evidence;
- Any documentation which forms part of the assessment;
- When questioning and feedback will take place;
- What to do if there is a disagreement with the assessment decision (appeals procedure);
- The assessor should also use this time to let students ask questions or seek clarification on anything relating to the planned assessment. Others involved in the assessment process should be part of the assessment briefing.

The assessment briefing is usually carried out in a group situation and then the assessor will briefly confirm the process with each individual before the assessment commences.

### Observing the learner

Observation is the main method of assessing practical competence and involves the assessor watching the student carry out the planned tasks. When carrying out an observed assessment, the assessor should adhere to the following guidelines:

- Involve the student;
- Complete an adequate briefing;
- Use an assessment checklist;
- Ensure good observational position enabling you to see/hear appropriately;
- Avoid becoming involved in the assessment process except in instances of health or safety or when 'moving on';

- When 'moving on', stick to the phrase 'thank you, can you move onto the next exercise please'. Avoid using phrases such as 'that's great' or 'well done' – this could give an indication of performance;
- Ensure sufficient time is planned to give immediate feedback after the assessment;
- Use a method of recording the observation that is as unobtrusive as possible. Rustling papers can prove disruptive in a quiet environment where people are concentrating on what is being assessed;
- Be seen to be observing, never eat, talk to other people, text on a mobile phone or any other such action which will distract from your observation;
- Avoid using positive/negative body language – this could give an indication of performance.

**Suggested stages of an observation** for the Focus Awards Level 4 Award in the Internal Quality Assurance of Assessment Processes and Practices (RQF)

- Step 1
  - Initial Learner briefing
- Step 2
  - Direct Observation
- Step 3
  - Learner/Client Feedback
- Step 4
  - Learner Evaluation with client (15 minutes minimum)
- Step 5
  - Assessor Questions (open and non-leading)
- Step 6
  - Assessor Decision (pass/refer)
- Step 7

Assessor Feedback (constructive, concise and relevant to performance criteria, written and verbal)

## Questioning to Assess Knowledge and Understanding

- It is easy to infer a level of understanding by what we see during observation and so it is essential that we question learners if we are ever in doubt about underpinning knowledge;
- However, a question should not be asked if the assessor does not see a particular PC.
- Questions can be divided into two categories:
  - Open questions start with the words, 'How?', 'What?', 'When?', 'Where?', 'Why?' and 'Who?' - These words act as prompts to give the students the opportunity to respond fully in their own words.
  - Closed questions enable the students to respond with a simple 'Yes' or 'No' response. For example, "Would you ask a participant to keep the back straight when lifting weights from the floor?"
- Assessors should always use open questions when assessing underpinning knowledge
- It is a Focus Awards requirement that all questions asked during assessment are recorded together with learner responses. These must be written out in full and signed and dated by both the learner and assessor.
- It is unacceptable to write next to a question "learner answered correctly". If there was an appeal against your assessment decision, then there should be a clearly auditable trail of evidence which shows the question that was asked and the learner response.

## Non-Leading Questions

Assessors should be careful not to use questions that could lead the learners by giving him or her, a clue to the right answer. They should also be aware of any preferences or opinions they might hold that could affect the way they ask questions. It is just as easy to lead the learner by the tone or inflection of the voice or by some facial expression or body movement.

Examples of leading questions would be:

- "Your participant seemed to be out of breath on the CV section of your workout, do you think you could have brought the intensity down for her?"
- "Are the deltoids worked in a bench press as well as the pectorals and triceps?"

## Feedback

*'Structured information that one person offers to another, about the impact of their actions or behaviour'.*

- Feedback following assessment should relate specifically to what has been assessed and how the evidence presented meets, or does not fully meet the criteria being assessed.
- Feedback should not include your opinion nor should it be a criticism.
- Criticism is one person's judgement of another person, or their work. Criticism is likely to make someone feel devalued or angry; and does nothing to boost self-confidence. It does not help a person to solve the problem. It shows that you dismiss, reject or disapprove, and is unlikely to lead to the result you intended. You will get a result - but it may be a worse situation or a backlash.
- Effective feedback should be a two way process, involving the learner at all times.



## Appendix E: Example Assessment Plan

Assessor name:

Learner name:

Date:

Date and timings of planned assessment	Unit/s and/or learning outcome/s to be assessed	What is to be assessed? Describe the activity or process you will observe or the product to be produced.	Assessment Method (Please see key below)	Date assessment completed

I confirm that the assessment process, the activity and evidence to be generated has been fully explained to me:

Signed by Learner: .....

Date:.....

**OQ** - Oral Questioning, **O** - Observation, **WT** - Witness Testimony, **S** - Simulation, **PD** - Professional Discussion, **WQ** - Written Questions,  
**A** - Assignment/Project, **WP** - Work Project, **CS** - Case Study, **RA** - Reflective Account, **RPL** - Recognition of prior learning

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### Professional Discussion

<b>Learner name:</b>	
<b>Assessor name:</b>	
<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Assessment criteria / topic of discussion:</b>	<b>Learner response:</b>

<b>Assessor signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Learners signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Internal quality assurer signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	

**Assessor Question Sheet**

Qualification:

Unit:

Assessor question	Learner response	Assessment criteria covered

<b>Assessor signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Learners signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Internal quality assurer signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	

**Assessor Feedback Sheet**

Qualification:

Unit(s):

Performance criteria / assessment criteria	Assessor feedback

<b>Assessor signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Learners signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	
<b>Internal quality assurer signature:</b>		<b>Date:</b>	

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**Learner Assessment Record**

Evidence	Date Achieved	Assessor signature	Learner Signature

